In the Claims:

Please amend claims 1-6, 9, 11, 13-15 and 17-19 as follows:

(Amended) [Tampon, especially] A tampon for feminine hygiene, formed from an approximately cylindrical blank which is shaped by winding up a portion of \underline{a} length of tape-shaped nonwoven material, [and the] wherein a circumferential surface of [which] the blank is pressed radially relative to [the] a longitudinal mid-axis of the blank over an even number of (at least 6 portions mutually adjacent in the circumferential surface [direction] of the [winding] blank, [characterized in that only] the resulting tampon comprising narrow strip-shaped portions of the circumferential surface [of the winding blank, which are] arranged at equal angular distances from one another[, are] that have been pressed to produce a preform which[, as seen in crosssection, consists of a central comprises an approximately circular fibre core [(16)] of high compression and buckling strength and [of] longitudinal ribs [(17)] of softer fibre structure and with a coarser capillary structure which extend radially [outwards] outwardly from the fibre core and which are separated from one another by outwardly open longitudinal grooves [(18), and in that, accordingly,] whereby only the [soft] longitudinal ribs [of the preform (15)] have been exposed to a low uniform pressure, radial relative to [the] a longitudinal mid-axis of the preform, in such a way that [the] outer ends of the longitudinal ribs [form] exhibit a soft [essentially smoothly cylindrical] smooth surface [of smaller diameter], with the

coarser capillary structure corresponding to the final form of the tampon being maintained [(10)].

- 2. (Amended) Tampon according to Claim 1, wherein the blank [of which is produced from] comprises a needled nonwoven tape consisting of 100% rayon fibre, [characterized in that] wherein the tampon, [with] has a weight of 2.4 g without the recovery tape, and has a specific absorption capacity of 4.8 ml/g at an absorption rate of 1.9 ml/s.
- 3. (Amended) Tampon according to Claim 2, [characterized in that] wherein the absorption capacity [of the tampon amounts to] is about 11.3 ml at a static counterpressure of 20 mbars.
- 4. (Amended) Tampon according to [Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that,] Claim 2, wherein at a pulsating counterpressure of 20 to 110 mbars, the absorption capacity of the tampon [amounts to] is about 8.0 ml and the specific absorption capacity [to] is about 3.4 ml/g.
- 5. (Amended) Tampon according to [one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that] Claim 2 wherein the diameter of the tampon[, in its final form, amounts to] is between 13 and 15 mm, the central fibre core having a diameter of 4 to 8 mm.

(Amended) Process for producing [the] a tampon [according to Claims 1 to 5,] \in which an essentially cylindrical blank is shaped by the steps of winding up a portion of length of tape-shaped nonwoven material [, the] : radially pressing a circumferential surface of [which is pressed radially] the blank relative to [the] a longitudinal mid-axis of the blank over an even number of at least six portions mutually adjacent in the circumferential [direction] surface of the [winding] blank, [characterized in that] whereby only narrow strip-shaped portions of the circumferential surface of the [winding] blank, which are arranged at equal angular distances from one another, are pressed to produce a preform which, [as seen] in cross-section, consists of a central approximately circular libre core of high compression and buckling strength and of longitudinal ribs of a softer fibre structure with a coarsel capillary structure which extend radially outwards from the fibre core and which are separated from one another by outwardly open longitudinal grooves, [and in that, accordingly,] whereby only the [soft] longitudinal ribs [of the preform] are exposed to a low uniform pressure, radial relative to [the] a longitudinal mid-axis of the preform, until the outer ends of the longitudinal ribs have formed a soft essentially [smoothly cylindrical] smooth surface [of smaller diameter,] with the coarsen capillary structure

corresponding to the final form of the tampon being maintained.

(Amended) Apparatus for producing [the] a tampon 9. [according to one of Claims 1 to 8 and for carrying out the process according to one of Claims 6 to 8, consisting of] comprising: two groups of [altogether] at least six press dies arranged in a plane perpendicular to [the] a press axis[, the]; a first group of press dies forming press segments[, of which the] comprising side flanks[,] in [the closing] a closed position of the press segments, that form respectively for each of [the press dies of the] a second group of press dies, guide surfaces which are designed as sliding plates, wherein in [the] a closed state [the] end faces of the press dies [forming] form an essentially cylindrical pressing face, [charactefized in that] whereby the press segments [(22)] and the sliding plates [(24)] form a preforming press for [the] pressing [of] a preform [(15)], and press cutters [(27)] projecting from the end faces [(25, 26)] of the press segments [(22)] and of the sliding plates [(24), and in] <u>such</u> that the preforming press is followed by a stationary conical forming die [(29) which is] arranged coaxially relative to the press axis, [and] the die having an entry orifice [(30)] [of] which is calculated to match the diameter of [the] an orifice of the preforming press, when its press dies [(22, 24)] are in the closed state, and [the] an exit orifice [(32) of which is | calculated to match the final cross section of the finished tampon (10).

- 11. (Amended) Apparatus according to [Claims 9 or] Claim

 10, [characterized in that] wherein all the press cutters [(27)]

 have the same pressing faces [(28)].
- 13. (Amended) Apparatus according to [Claims 9 or] Claim

 10, [characterized in that] wherein the press cutters [(27)] have pressing faces [(28)] of differing form.

(Amended) Apparatus according to [one of Claims 9 to]

Claim 13, [characterized in that] wherein the length and width of the press cutters [(27)], [radial] radially relative to the press axis [(21)], [amounts to] are about 10 and 2 mm respectively.

15. (Amended) Apparatus according to [one of Claims 9 to]

Claim 14, [characterized in that,] wherein when the press is in

the closed state, the pressing faces [(28)] of the press cutters

[(26)] assume a clear distance [of] from 2 to 4 mm from the press

axis [(21)].

Claim 16, [characterized in that] wherein all the press dies

[(22, 24)] are first closable concentrically relative to the
press axis [(21)] to approximately the diameter of the winding
blank [(11),] and subsequently the press segments [(22)] of the
first group of press dies are simultaneously movable
concentrically into the closing position, and thereafter the

sliding plates [(24)] of the second group of press dies are movable to the final dimension of the preform [(15)].

- 18. (Amended) Apparatus according to [one of Claims 9 to]

 Claim 16, [characterized in that] wherein the press segments

 [(22)] and the sliding plates [(24)] are simultaneously movable concentrically relative to the press axis [(21)] into [the closing] a closed position which corresponds to the final dimension of the preform [(15)].
- 19. (Amended) Apparatus according to [one of Claims 9 to]

 Claim 18, [characterized in that, arranged on the input side of
 the preforming press, there is] <u>further comprising</u> a ram [(33)]

 arranged on the input side of the preforming press which is

 movable axially [to and fro] for ejecting [the] <u>a</u> preform [(15)]

 from the preforming press and for pushing [the] <u>a</u> preform through
 the conical forming die [(29)].

Please add new claim 20 as follows:

-20. A tampon formed by compressing selected areas of a blank, the tampon comprising:

a compressed, approximately circular fibre core; and at least six longitudinal ribs extending from the core that are less compressed relative to the core.--